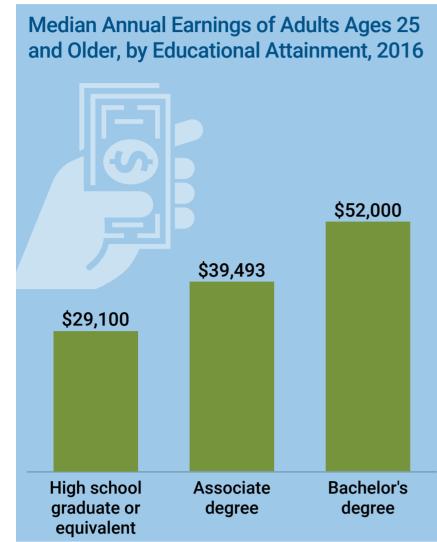
BENEFITS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

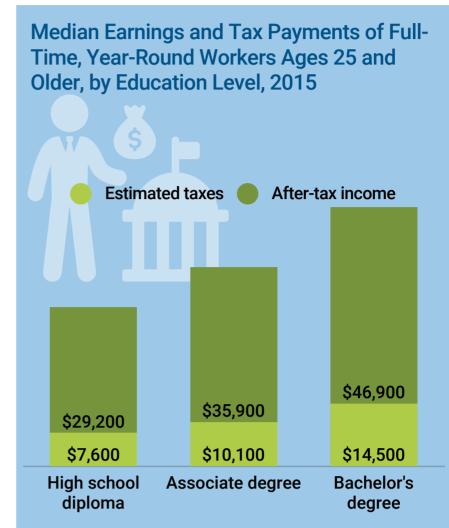
Jinann Bitar, Graduate Research Associate Philip Wilkinson, Graduate Research Associate

A changing economy, stagnant wages, and increasing college sticker prices have contributed to a growing public perception that a higher education is diminishing in value. In fact, higher education remains a tremendous benefit for students, their local and state communities, and the national and global economy. With over 3.3 million projected high school graduates by 2025-26,1 the benefits of higher education have the potential to make social mobility a reality for millions of Americans and their communities.

SALARY

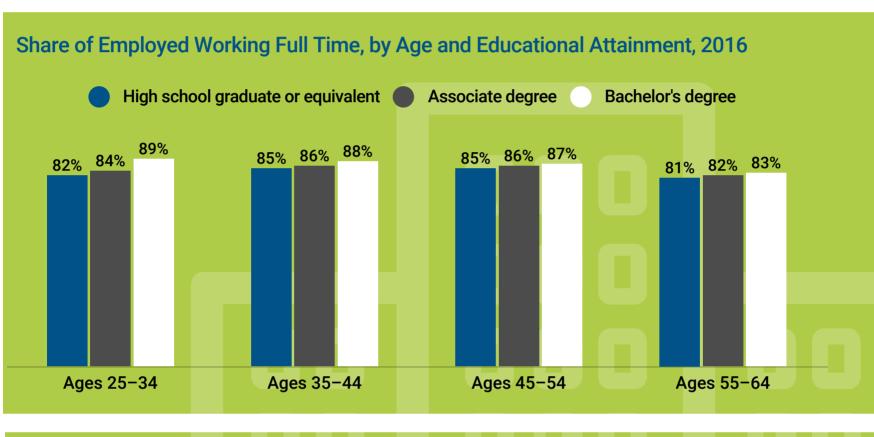
College graduates have higher-paying jobs^{1,2}

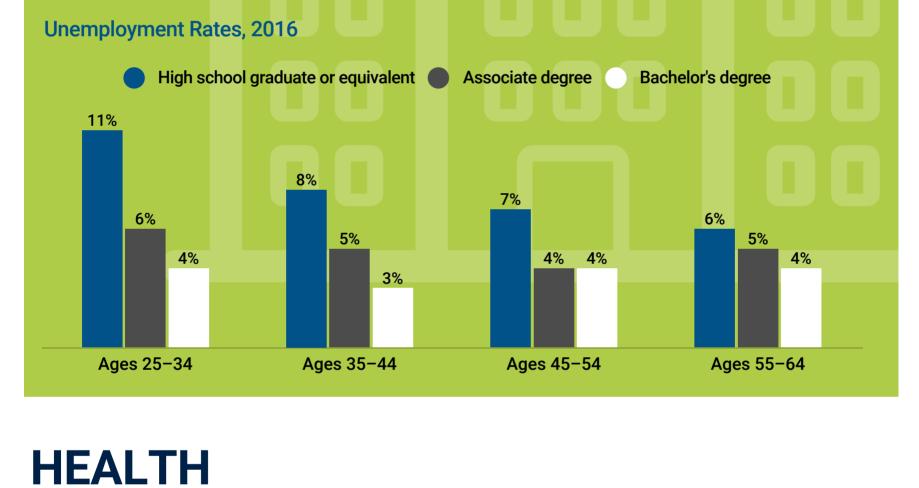




EMPLOYMENT

College graduates are more likely to be employed and work full time¹





High school diploma or GED®

College completion contributes to healthier lives^{3, 4}

37%

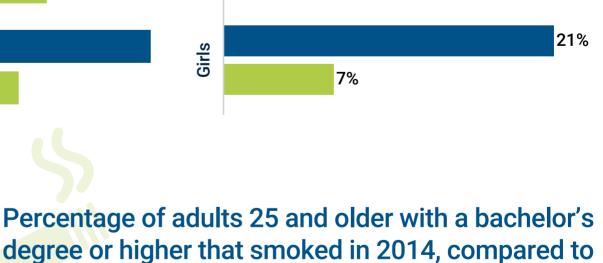
Obesity Among U.S. Children Ages 2-19, by Obesity Among U.S. Adults Ages 25+, by Gender of Child and Education Level of Head Gender and Education Level, 2007-2010

Bachelor's degree or higher 19%

of Household, 2007-2010

11%





CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

26% of adults with only a high school diploma or GED®

College graduates are more likely to volunteer and vote^{2, 5}

16% Some college, no Bachelor's degree High school bachelor's degree diploma or or higher **GED®**

Percent of Population that Volunteers,

by Educational Attainment, 2015

52% 63% High school Bachelor's degree Some college, no bachelor's degree diploma or or higher

Percent of Reported U.S. Citizens that

Vote, by Educational Attainment, 2016

GED®

1. Espinosa, Lorelle L., Jonathan M. Turk, Morgan Taylor, and Hollie M. Chessman. 2019. Race and Ethnicity in Higher Education: A Status Report. Tables 11.6 and 11.15. Washington, DC: American Council on

Note: Figures have been rounded.

^{2.} Ma, Jennifer, Matea Pender, and Meredith Welch. 2016. Education Pays 2016: The Benefits of Higher Education for Individuals and Society. Washington, DC: College Board. 3. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Health, United States 2011. Tables 37, 25.

^{5.} U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, November 2016.